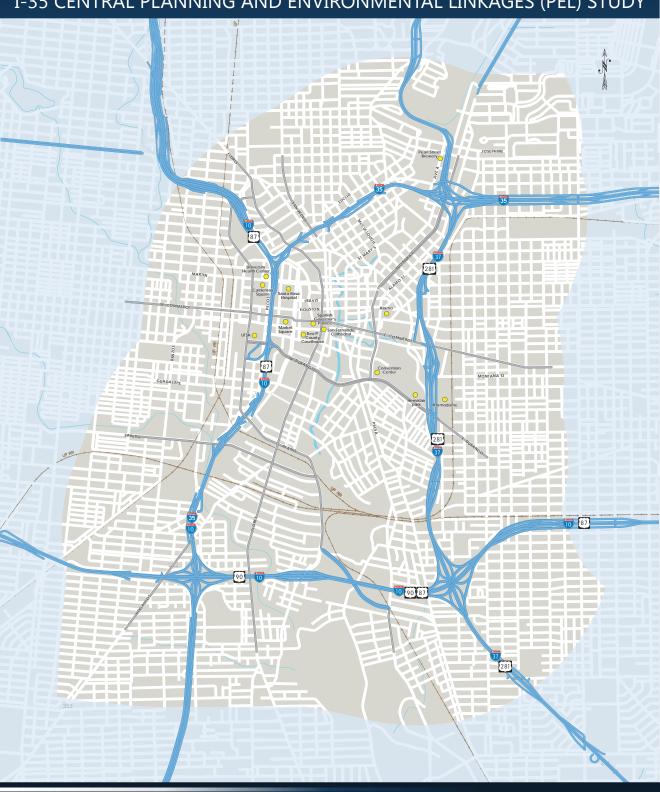


# I-35 CENTRAL PLANNING AND ENVIRONMENTAL LINKAGES STUDY



I-35 CENTRAL PLANNING AND ENVIRONMENTAL LINKAGES (PEL) STUDY







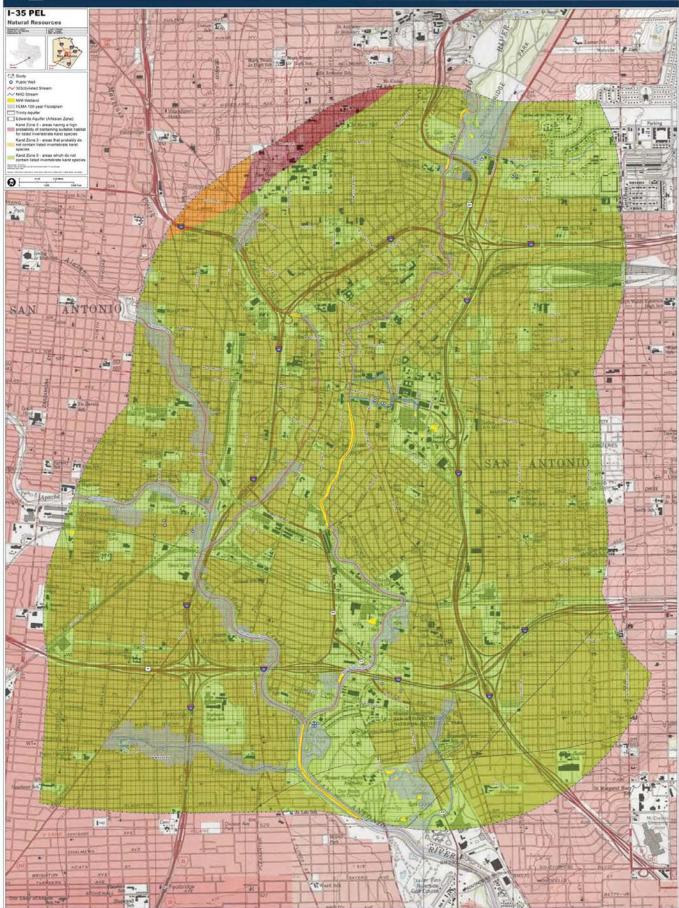




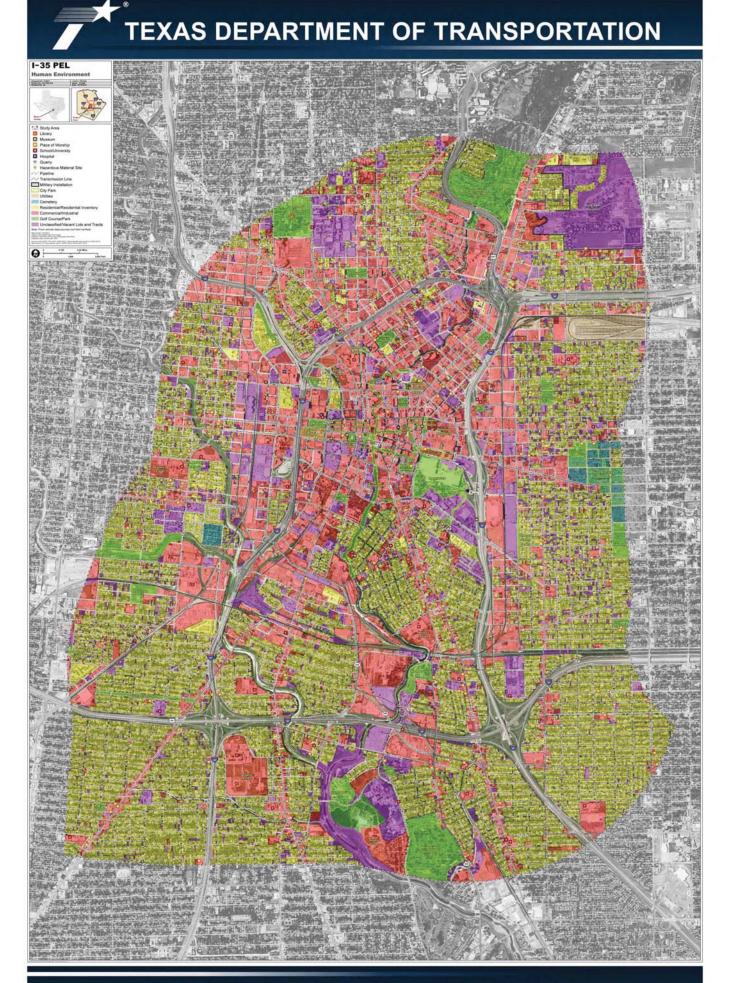




Travel **Smarter. Reduce** Traffic.



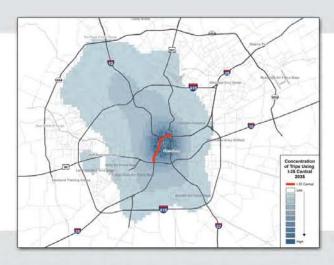
NATURAL RESOURCES



## **\***

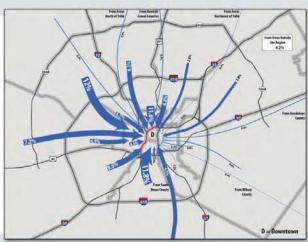
#### TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

#### Where is I-35 Central Traffic Going?



#### Concentration of trips that use I-35 Central (Year 2035)

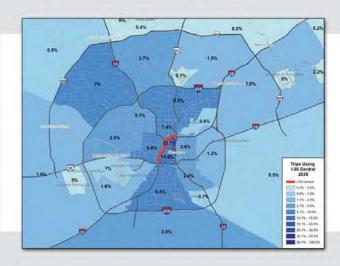
Highest proportion of trips originate and are destined around the downtown and along I-10 West.



#### Percent of trips going downtown that use I-35 Central (Year 2035)

Proportion of Downtown Destined Trips that use I-35 between I-37 and US 90.

25% of trips from areas directly north and south 25% of trips from areas along I-10 West 25% of trips from areas along US 90 West



#### Number of trips that use I-35 Central by Region Sector (Year 2035)

Proportion of trips that use I-35 Central.

Largest proportion of trips generated in the region are on the west side.

## **\***

#### TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

#### What Happens if Nothing is Done?



Highest concentration of congestion on surrounding freeways.

Most severe congestion along I-35 and I-10 approaching from the northwest.

Cross street congestion in close proximity to freeways:

- Alamo Street
- Buena Vista Street
- Cesar Chavez Blvd.
- Martin Street
- San Pedro Avenue





# I-35 PEL CONCEPTUAL STRATEGIES

No Build

No improvements are made in this scenario.

# **Travel Options**

Travel Options offer just that: **options**- to drivers that can help to reduce traffic on our roads. Think Ride Sharing, Off-Peak Travel, or ITS, to name a few.

# Connecting Arterial Improvements

Improved Signal Timing and Intersection Upgrades

Capacity is increased by building elevated sections above existing roadway, or by tunneling under.

# Added Capacity/ Expansion of I-35

Truck-Only Lanes

Operational Improvements

# Re-designation of I-35

An option that will 're-designate' I-35 from a primary through-route for traffic, making it more of a local/business route for commuters and Central San Antonio-bound traffic.

RAI Multi-modal connectivity

**HOV/TRANSIT** 



## TRAVEL OPTIONS



There are many minor improvements, generally within the existing right-of-way, that can enable the existing system to operate more efficiently and safely.

# Transportation Improved Signing System Management

Advance guide signing can help separate local traffic from through traffic.









Other improvements might include:

Ramp Modifications Geometric Improvements

**Auxiliary Lane Additions** 

## Traffic Demand Management

Traffic Demand Management is the application of strategies and policies to reduce travel demand, specifically that of single-occupancy private vehicles, or to redistribute this demand in space and time.



Off-Peak Travel



**Telecommuting** 



**Ride Sharing** 

Downtown employerbased programs may include Commute Programs, In-House Ride-Matching, Transit Pass Subsidies, or Alternative Work Hours.

Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) focuses on advanced technologies that enable drivers to operate vehicles with greater knowledge about existing traffic conditions, e.g., during lane closures or unplanned incidents.

Intelligent Transportation Systems

Cameras monitor traffic conditions



**Built-in** navigation system alerts





Advance Message Signs and Real Time Travel Info



## Redesignation Residence



With the changes to land use and overall corridor function, the I-35 corridor could be 're-designated' as a local or business route rather than a corridor used as a through-route. Through the improvements identified in this study, I-35 Central may evolve from a "through" facility to a "local or alternate" facility.

# How does a "Re-Designation" Alternative work?

1

Re-designate I-37 (north of I-10 to I-35)



Create a dual I-10 and I-35 designation for east-west traffic south of downtown



Separate local traffic from through movements





Improve interchanges to accommodate continuous movement at higher speed



These alternatives can result in improvements in corridor operation.

Reduce travel time through San Antonio Continuous I-35 and I-10 movements with appropriate access

Minimize weaving segments



#### Upper & Lower Decks

Further separate traffic by directing through traffic to the upper deck and local traffic to the lower deck.







# HOV/TRANSIT

#### Park & Ride

Park & Ride (or incentive parking) facilities provide connections to public transit that allow commuters and other people headed downtown to leave their vehicles and transfer to a bus or carpool

for the remainder of the journey.

PAAA

Number of Park & Rides currently available to San Antonio Commuters.

Park & Rides are used by commuters going to work, by other riders transferring from one route to another, and for special event services.

Crossroads
Ellis Alley
Elmendorf
Randolph Blvd.

University
Parkhills
Blossom
SeaWorld



Madla Transit Center South Texas Medical Center

Northstar Transit Center

Ingram

Kel-Lac

#### Transit Centers

Transit Centers often offer enclosed waiting areas with restrooms, vending machines and staff to assist riders. Customers using transit systems converge at these 'hubs' to take advange of route-to-route transfers and access to more destinations.

Bicycle storage and enhanced transit information such as real-time departure signs are also usually found at Transit Centers.

5

Number of Transit Centers currently available to San Antonio Commuters.

A combination of possible HOV lanes could feed downtown San Antonio, thereby decreasing travel times on multiple routes and offering a more reliable trip time downtown.

## HOV/ Managed Lanes

A managed lane, or high-occupancy vehicle (HOV) lane, is a restricted traffic lane reserved at peak travel times or

longer for exclusive use of vehicles with two or more passengers. Managed/HOV lanes may also be called carpool or transit lanes.





# Evaluating the Strategies

# Goals and Objectives

The "Evaluation Criteria" shown here will be used to help determine the next steps in the I-35 PEL Study.



# Public Support

What level of public support is the alternative likely to have?



#### Economic



Does the alternative support economic development?

Does the alternative reduce congestion on I-35 through the study area?

Mobility



Alternate Routes

Vehicle Miles Traveled (vmt)

Vehicle Hours Traveled (vht)

Does the alternative...

encourage use of other routes?

reduce vehicle miles traveled?

reduce travel time?

# Environmental Impacts

What are the potential environmental impacts of the alternative?

Land Use

Cultural Resources

Wetland/Water Resources

Vegetation and Wildlife Habitats





## What Comes Next?

#### Consider 2

community input from tonight's public meeting.



Continue collecting and considering community input throughout the study.

#### Conduct

an initial screening of alternatives.





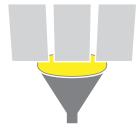




#### Refine

the alternatives.

Continue screening refined alternatives.



#### Consider

viable alternatives to move forward for further study.





















